

POLISH ARMED FORCES EXHIBITION
C A T A L O G U E
CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION



OCTOBER 8th to OCTOBER 21st, 1967

THE EXHIBITION IS OPEN ON WEEK-DAY 9 - 12 P.M. *Open*
SUNDAYS 2 - 5 P.M.

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION

OF POLISH-CANADIAN VETERANS

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF CANADIAN-POLISH CONGRESS
TORONTO DISTRICT



TORONTO - CANADA

OCTOBER 8th to OCTOBER 21st, 1967

CITY HALL ANNEX - 465 BAY STREET

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THE EXHIBITION COMMITTEE:

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CATALOGUE COMMITTEE

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T. KRYCHOWSKI AND Z. RUSINEK

INDEX OF THE EXHIBITS:

A. BARSZCZEWSKI — F. DRABCZYK

I N T R O D U C T I O N

There has been no urge to conquest evident in the character of the Polish nation, nor in the Polish policy right throughout the ages.

The Poles have been compelled, however, to fight almost continuously. Poland's position on the eastern boundary of the western world, her almost total lack of natural frontiers, and the rapacity of her neighbours, have forced the Pole to be a soldier and to spend a considerable part of his life under arms.

The collapse of Poland as the State did not break the resistance of the Poles, who — whenever opportunity offered — rose in arms to fight for freedom of their country.

In the period of Partitions of Poland wars for freedom were fought against Russia and Prussia under the leadership of Casimir Pulaski (against Russia, 1768-1772) and Tadeusz Kosciuszko (with Russia and Prussia of 1792 and 1794). Both won fame in America for the part they played in the American War of Independence.

In the Duchy of Warsaw created by Napoleon, Polish armies under the leadership of Prince Joseph Poniatowski conducted a victorious campaign against Prussia in 1806-7, and against Austria in 1809.

The Polish-Russian war 1830-1831 did not by any means terminate the Poles' fight for freedom. They took up arms against partitioning powers in 1848 and 1863.

During the I World War, Polish Armies sprang up wherever opportunity permitted. Legions were formed

in Poland, under latter Marshal Jozef Pilsudski. Polish formations were raised in Russia, in the Far East, in Canada, the United States and France, under gen. Jozef Haller.

After Poland had been restored in 1918, our armed forces then forming had to fight Soviet Russia. The victorious Battle of Warsaw in 1920 was called by Lord d'Abernon in his book the eighteenth decisive battle in the history of the world.

The brief interlude of peace and the limited financial resources of the country permitted only a restricted development of the Polish Army.

In September 1939 this Army took the whole weight of the German blitzkrieg and that of Soviet Russian forces, thus making it possible for the Allies to mobilise unhindered.

The defeat of 1939 did not break the continuity of the Polish Armed Forces. Reorganised in France, and after the fall of France in Great Britain, Middle East and in Russia from Polish volunteers from the whole world and from Poland itself, the Polish Armed Forces, Air Forces, the Polish Navy and the Home Army are fighting beside their Allies for the realisation of ideals of true freedom for Poland, of the rule of law and democracy and the right of all nations to decide their own fate.

The Polish Army has a history of a thousand years, and has been fighting for a thousand years for independence and integrity of its fatherland and for ideals inscribed on its standarts: "FOR OUR FREEDOM AND YOURS."



The exhibition is dedicated to Jozef Pilsudski, who after the victorious war of 1920 was proclaimed by the nation — the Marshal of Poland.

He is considered by the historians, the creator of the Polish Army in the reborn, after the First World War, Poland. Pilsudski was concerned with the army matters till his death in 1935 and also he had a great influence on the fate of Poland. The nation placed its trust in him and always held him in very high esteem.

Poles living in the free western world are celebrating this year the 100th anniversary of birth of this great Pole and a victorious soldier.



Polish Canadian Veterans take an active part in life of the Toronto community. We are members of the Citizen's of Toronto Centenary Committee. To express this, the idea was born to organize our own Centennial Exhibition.

The Polish community in Canada is about 320,000 strong. We are organized in various organizations, who in turn belong to the Canadian Polish Congress. The exhibition takes place under auspices of the Toronto Branch of the Canadian Polish Congress.

Lieutenant-General G. G. Simonds,, C.B., C.B.E., D.S.O., C.D., *Virtuti Militari* (Polish) will open the Exhibition October 8th at 6 p.m.

Guest speaker prof. V. Chrypiski, University of Windsor, Ontario.

THIS EXHIBITION
WAS MADE POSSIBLE THROUGH THE CONTRIBUTIONS
OF THE FOLLOWING:
Mr. T. GACKOWSKI
Mr. L. G. McGUINNESS
THE HOME ARMY ASSOCIATION
Mr. Z. LOMACKI
Mr. J. MATULANIS
THE POLISH CAVELRY & HORSE ARTILLERY ASSOCIATION
IN N. AMERICA
THE POLISH COMBATANTS' ASSOCIATION IN CANADA
THE POLISH SOLDIERS' ASSOCIATION, TORONTO
THE POLISH VETERANS' ASSOCIATION — BR. 114
THE ROYAL CANADIAN AIR FORCES, 430 (WARSAW) WING
THE ROYAL CANADIAN LEGION — POLISH VET. BR. 346
THE SIXTH ARMoured RGT. ASSOCIATION
Mr. SZRAJBER
AND MANY MORE MEMBERS OF THE POLISH COMMUNITY
FROM TORONTO AND VICINITY
OUR SINCERE THANKS TO ALL CONTRIBUTORS
THE EXHIBITION COMMITTEE

POLISH ARMED FORCES THROUGH THE AGES

Section I.

1. A letter written by gen. Chlopicki in 1808.

Józef Chłopiccki (1771 - 1854), General. In 1809 join the polish legion, took part in the Russian campaign in 1772.

2. A letter written by gen. Bartheer.

3. A letter written by gen. Rapp.

4. Gen. Miączynski passport from 1792.

Józef Miączynski (1743 - 1793). One of the heros of the con-federation of Bar. Later escaped to France. General of the French Army.

5. A letter written by gen. Dąbrowski, Commander of the Polish Legion of the French Republic.

Henryk Dąbrowski (1755 - 1818). General. Hero of Poland. After the third partition of Poland, he formed in Italy famous Polish Legions. Since that time is dated the Polish National Anthem..

6. Ditto

7. A letter written by gen. Dąbrowski from Cisalpine Republic.

8. Department of the War, gen. Krasinski's Certificate, Paris, May 3, 1812.

Wincenty Krasinski (1782 - 1858). General. Count. Founder of the Krasinski's Library in Warsaw. Father of the famous polish poets.

9. A letter written by Dejean to Napoleon.

No. 1 — 9 Owner Mr. A. Orłowski,
Castleton-Vermont, U.S.A.

10. A Commission Scroll signed by King Stanislaus Leszczyński in 1709.

Stanisław Leszczyński (1677 - 1766) King of Poland. In 1725 Louis XV of France married King Leszczyński daughter Mary and support his claims to the Polish throne after the death of King August II in 1733. In 1736 Stanislaus abdicated the throne and later settled at Luneville in France, founded here the "Academia Stanislai" and devoted himself for the rest of his life to science and philanthropy.

11. A Commission Scroll signed by Jan Klemens Branicki, Deputy Commander in Chief of the Polish Armed Forces in 1763.

Jan Klemens Branicki (1689 - 1771), last member of the Branicki family (the coat of arms Gryf).

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12. A Commission Scroll signed by King August III in 1744.
- August III Fryderyk (1696 - 1763), the only son of August II. In 1733 was elected King of Poland.
13. A letter written by Kajetan Sołtyk to the Commander in Chief of the Polish Armed Forces in 1756.
- Kajetan Sołtyk (1715 - 1788), a courageous bishop of Cracow. Oposed unjust reforms of Russia. Has been kidnaped and exiled to Russia (Kaługa).
14. A letter signed by Prince Jozef Poniatowski in 1780.
- Józef Poniatowski (1763 - 1813). Polish prince and marshal of France. He served with distinction in the imperial forces against the Turks in 1788, — then becoming major-general and subsequently lieutenant-general in the Polish Army under his uncle King Stanislaus.
15. A personal letter of Stanislaw August Poniatowski, written and signed in his own hand on May 17, 1796 in Grodno, addressed to Mr. Bukaty, Polish Ambassador to the Court of St. James in London.
- Stanisław August Poniatowski (1732 - 1798). King of Poland, the son of Stanisław Poniatowski palatine of Cracow, the friend of Charles XII of Sweden. — In 1795 he was obliged to abdicate his throne.
16. A certificate of service from 1868, given to August Wagner a participant of Polish Up-rising in 1863, who after his imprisonment in Siberia was called up to the Russian Imperial Army.
- No. 10 — 16 Owner: Mr. W.J. Wagner, Prof. of Law, Bloomington, Ind. U.S.A.
27. A letter releasing Lt. Popiel from the military service signed by Prince Jozef Poniatowski on November 7, 1810.
- Owner: Mr. A. Sozanski, Montreal, Qu.
55. A Polish sabre from XVI Century.
57. Iron Crucifix from 1861, inscribed "February 25, 27, April 8, 1861. Souvenir — Warsaw".
- No. 55, 57 Owner: Mr. L. Rudnicki, Hamilton, Ont.
201. Year 1863 by J. Grabiec.
202. The Anatomy of Glory. Napoleon and His Guard. Adopted from the French of Henry Lachouque by Anne S. K. Brown.
209. The History of the Polish Armed Forces during Napoleon Era, by gen. dr. M. Kukiel.
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212. Polish Armed Forces in 1815 - 1830 by B. Gembarzewski.
213. Napoleon — Legions and the Principality of Warsaw by E. Luninski.
215. Prince Jozef (Poniatowski) by A. M. Skalkowski.
221. General Jasinski and Kosciuszko Insurrection by H. Moscicki.
222. Grottger by A. Potocki.
223. Polish Armed Forces, 1807 - 1814, by B. Gembarzewski.
224. Emblem from the Standard Staff of the Imperial Russian Cuirassiers Regiment captured by A. Achmatowicz's detachment during 1863 Polish Up-rising.
225. Picture: "Zagloba & Wolodyjowski" by K. Kosinski, 1875.
231. "T. Kosciuszko". A commemorative medal, 1746 - 1817. General Tadeusz Kościuszko (1746 - 1817). Polish soldier and statesman and American Revolution volunteer. — Hero of Poland and America.
234. A medal presented by Napoleon on St. Helen Island to some 3,000 French and Polish soldiers. This one belonged to Col. M. Achmatowicz, a soldier of gen. Dąbrowski Legions and Armed Forces of the Principality of Warsaw.
236. Polish Lancers — 1812.
No. 201, 202, 209, 212, 213, 215, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 231, 234, 236 Owner: Mr. T. Gackowski, Ottawa, Ont.
239. Polish Armed Forces Through the Ages.
No. 239 Owner: Polish Combatants' Assoc. Toronto
256. Prince Jozef Poniatowski — A sculpture presented
No. 256 Owner: Mrs. M. Maciuzynska, Detroit, U.S.A.
428. 3 pictures in frame: a) Officer of the Principality of Warsaw Lancers Regiment, 1807 - 1813, b) Trooper of the Belina Lancers, 1914 - 1915, c) Officer of the Lancers Regiment in 1939.
477. Engraving: Tadeusz Kosciuszko.
478. Engraving: Johannes III D. G. Polonorum Sobieski.
479. Two portraits of Prince Jozef Poniatowski, 1813.
480. Engraving: Etching — "Triumph Jean II Sobieski", 1674.
- Jan III Sobieski (1624 - 1696), Polish King. Hero in rescue of Vienna in 1683.
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481. Engraving: Etching — "Infanterie Polonaise Marchal a L'Ennenir", 1813.
482. Engraving: Etching — "The 113 and 114 Polish Demi-Brigade in San-Domingo", 1803.
483. Engraving: Etching — "Les Israélites Polonais en costume de la Garde National" 1830-1831.
484. Engraving: Etching — "A Polish Gentleman".
 No. 428, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484
 Owner: Mr. J. Zaremba, Hamilton, Ont.
510. Eagle emblem worn on the cap by N. Bobrownicki who served in Taczanowski's mounted detachment during 1863 Polish Up-rising.
525. Portrait of gen. Jozef Bem (1794 - 1850).
 Józef Bem (1794 - 1850). General of Polish, Hungarian and Turkish Army. Famous as a officer of the artillery.
 No. 510, 525, Owner: Mr. Sroczyński, Ville LaSalle, Qu.
526. Count W. Potocki, Officer Commanding 1st Company of the Horse Artillery Principality of Warsaw.
 Owner: Polish Cavalry & Horse Artillery Vet. Assoc:
579. 10 zloty Bank Note from Kosciuszko Insurrection, 1794.
 Owner: Polish Institute and Gen. Sikorski Museum, London, England
580. Photocopy of register of names of officers of 1st Horse Artillery Battery — September, 1831.
 Owner: Polish Cavalry & Horse Artillery Veterans Assoc.
583. Polish sabre from XVII Century with silver hand grip and scabbord. On the blade owner's initials J. Z. H. W. K. denote Jan Zamojski, Royal Grand Marshal. The scabbord is decorated with the state and family coats of arms.
 Jan Zamojski (1542 - 1605), Polish Statesman and soldier. Supported the King Stefan Batory during his long struggle with Ivan the Terrible.
 Owner: Mr. H. Nagorka, Washington
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ERA OF MARSHAL JOZEF PILSUDSKI

(b. December 7th, 1867 — d. May 12th, 1935)

I WORLD WAR (1914—1918), INDEPENDENT POLAND (1918—1939), — WAR BETWEEN SOVIET RUSSIA AND POLAND (1919—1921).

Section II.

24. Box for orders which belonged to Marshal Pilsudski, made of gilded wood, with the initials J. P. on the lid.

Owner: Mr. J. Wagner, Prof. of Law., Bloomington, Ind:

32. Document of Peace Treaty between Poland, Russian, and Ukraine, dated March 18, 1921.
33. Marshal Pilsudski's letter to Dr. Dluski of Polish Legation in Paris, written at the Belveder, Warsaw, January 17th, 1919.
34. Pamphlet "The Polish Plan for a Preventive War against Germany" by Wacław Jędrzejewicz, 1933.
35. General Rozwadowski's, Chief of the Polish General Staff, report to Marshal J. Pilsudski, dated August 20th, 1920.
36. Photocopy of a letter from Leon Bilinski to the Head of State, J. Pilsudski, dated October 20th, 1920.
37. Photocopy of a letter written by Marshal Pilsudski at Krzeszowice, dated Friday, 6/8.

No. 32 — 37 Owner: J. Pilsudski Institute in America, New York, U.S.A.

63. Painting by J. Kossak. Marshal Pilsudski taking salute during review of the Cavalry in Cracow in 1933.
64. Painting: "Horse Artillery".
66. Regimental Badges of the First Polish Armoured Division.
67. Two paintings: "Polish Cavalry" and "Regimental Badges".
72. PAMPHLETS:
1. History of the Regimental Badge of Marshal Pilsudski's 1st Field Artillery Regiment.
 2. Prince Jozef Poniatowski's 8th Lancers Regiment.
 3. The 4th Zaniemski Lancers Regiment.
 4. Marshal J. Pilsudski's 1st Lancers Regiment, Polish Legion.
 5. The 12th Podolski Lancers Regiment.
 6. Marshal Pilsudski's 1st Chevaux Legers Regiment.
 7. The 3rd Col. J. Koziatowski Chevaux Legers Regiment.
 8. Polish Armed Effort.
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82. "The Book of Polish Cavalry", Warsaw, 1928.
83. Commemorative Book of the 16th/2nd Wielkopolski Lancers Regiment, 1919-1939.
No. 63, 64, 66, 67, 72, 82, 83 Owner: Mr. Z. Giera, Toronto
84. Jozef Pilsudski: "Selected Writings".
85. Alexandra Pilsudska: "Memoirs".
86. "Life, Ideals and Achievements of Jozef Pilsudski, 1867-1935", by Julian Woyszwillo.
No. 84, 85, 86 Owner: Mr. T. Krychowski, Toronto, Ont.
204. Short History of the 6th Lancers of the II Polish Army Corps, East, 1917-1918. Documented by Staff Capt. A. Hlawaty.
206. The Badge of the General K. Sosnkowski's Regiment (7th Lancers).
207. Regimental Standard of the 7th Lancers.
211. Annals of the Polish Infantry Regiments.
214. Juliusz Kossak; portrait by Stanislaus Witkiewicz.
216. Book commemorating the Tenth Anniversary of Poland's Independence, 1928.
227. Medal commemorating the Tenth Anniversary of the Death of Marshal Pilsudski.
228. Medal commemorating the First Anniversary of the Death of Marshal Pilsudski.
229. Medal commemorating the Fallen Comrades.
204, 206, 207, 211, 214, 216, 227, 228, 229 Owner: Gackowski, Ottawa, Ont.
237. Polish Air Force.
238. Poland in the Air.
237, 238 Owner: Col. B. Kwiecinski, Montreal, Qu.
401. Set of three photographs:
- Farewell to Gen. Malinowski, GOC of the 17th Division of Polish Infantry; Officers of the 68th Infantry Regiment. September, 1937.
 - Officers of the 68th Infantry Regiment, with their families, 1938.
 - The White Cross Ball 1938.
No. 401 Owner: Mr. Drabczyk, Toronto, Ont.
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421/2. Orders of the day. General Haller, 6th of October, 1918.

Owner: Mr. J. Zaremba, Hamilton, Ont.

489. Commission Scroll of 2nd Lt. S. Stankiewicz. Dated August 1st, 1921.

490. Pamphlet by Dr. B. Wyrobisz.

No. 489, 490 Owner: Mr. S.A: Stankiewicz, Chicago, Ill:

503. Pennon of the Commanding Officer of the 22nd Lancers, 1930.

No. 503 Owner: Gen. J. Grobicki, Toronto, Ont:

514. Five-zloty coin: Head of Marshal Pilsudski.

Owner: Mr. Olszewski, c-o H. Przedzymirski, Toronto

555. Diploma "Orleta", presented to Lt. Juliusz Hoffman in 1919.

565. Souvenir cigarette case donated by the Staff Officers of the 5th Division, Lwow, 1927.

No. 555, 565 Owner: Mrs. S. Hoffman, Toronto, Ont.

587. Ten-zloty coin depicting Marshal Pilsudski, minted by the State Mint in Warsaw.

No. 587 Owner: Mr. T. Krychowski, Toronto, Ont:

DISPLAY OF POLISH COINS:

593. Mieszko I, King of Poland. Founding of Polish Sovereignty.

594. King Boleslaw Chrobry and Wladyslaw Lokietek. First known use of the word "Poland" on the coin issued by King Boleslaw Chrobry.

595. King Kazimierz Wielki, King Wladyslaw Jagiello, Battle of Grunwald and the Union of Poland and Lithuania.

596/7. King Sigmund III. The first Polish Numismatic book and map of Poland, printed in 1634.

598. Stanislaw August Poniatowski, the last King of Poland.

599. Jozef Pilsudski, First Marshal of Poland (1918 - 1939).

600. Millenium Medal: Obverse side - Outposts of Christianity and struggles with German and Russian aggression. Reverse side - Thousand Years of the Polish Coin.

No. 593 - 600 Owner: Mr. Garczynski, Chicago, U.S.A:

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650. Map of Poland — XV Century.
651. Two Army Maps.
652. Medal of Marshal J. Pilsudski.
653. Photograph of gen. Piskor, gen. Zamorski,
gen. Rogulski.
- 654., 655. Gen. Piskor uniform.
656. Medallion made for the occasion of the visit of the
Polish Army Delegation in Rumania, 1926.
No. 650-656 Owner: Mrs. Piskor, Toronto.
710. Medallion of the 14th Lancers, presented to Major
T. Walkowski.
711. Polish Eagle with likeness of Marshal J. Pilsudski.
No. 710, 711 Owner: Mr. Walkowski, Edmonton, Alta

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S E C O N D W O R L D W A R

Section III.

40. "First to Fight" by Peter Jordan.
Owner: Polish Research Institute in Canada
56. Medallion of the II Polish Army Corps, Italy, 1943-45.
Owner: Mr. L. Rudnicki, Hamilton, Ont.
65. In the Footsteps of the 1st Armoured Division —
1944 - 1945.
70. Metal Box containing 1. The debris of the Regi-
mental Standard. 2. Sash of the Standard Bearer.
3. Remains of overcoat of Z. Bieganski.
No. 65, 70 Owner: Mr. Z. Giera, Toronto, Ontario
200. "We have not Forgotten" — author unknown.
Owner: Mr. T. Gackowski, Ottawa, Ont.
253. Souvenir Badges of The 2nd Rifle Division interned
in Switzerland.
254. Polish Eagle, worn on an army cap, 1940.
255. Badge of the 2nd Rifle Division, 1942.
No. 253, 254, 255 Owner: Gen. S. Pelc, London,
England
487. 303 Polish Fighter Squadron, Battle of Britain.
Owner: Mr. Z. Krasnodebski, Toronto, Ont.
506. Map of the Adriatic, theatre of operations of the
II Polish Army Corps.
Owner: Mr. B. Chelchowski, London, Ont.
509. Display of six photographs.
Owner: Dr. J. Szeps, Chatham, Ont.
522. Badge of Horse Artillery — other ranks.
523. Pennon of the Commanding Officer of the 7th Horse
Artillery Regiment, II Polish Army Corps, used in
the Italian Campaign, 1943 - 1945.
524. Musical Score of the Regimental March of the
Polish Horse Artillery.
No. 522 — 524 Owner: Col. J. Boguski, Hounslow,
Midex, England
567. Dagger of a German Naval Officer; War souvenir
taken at Wilhelmshaven.
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568. Bronze Medallion of President W. Raczkiewicz, 1942. Artist: T. Kovacs.
569. Bronze Medallion of General Sikorski. Artist: T. Kovacs.
570. Tablet commemorating the 10th Anniversary of the Liberation by 1st Armoured Division of Breda, Holland, 1944-54.
571. Souvenir Tablet of the Polish Submarine "Dzik", March, 1942.
572. Poster "Thank You Poles" from Breda, Holland, proclaiming the liberation of the city. Printed by the Dutch people and displayed in the streets after Victory.
573. Steel helmet damaged by German artillery at Monte Cassino, 1944.
574. Display of Insignia of the Polish Air Force.
575. HQ Sign of the G.O.C. the 1st Independent Polish Parachute Brigade, used during the Battle of Arnhem.
576. Insignia of the 1st Independent Polish Parachute Brigade.
577. Silver tray donated by the City of St. Nicholas to the 1st Armoured Regiment in 1944.
578. Monte Cassino Cross and Identification Card, presented to Lt. Col. Korczynski.
580. Honorary Citizenship Scroll of the Municipality of Heatherton bestowed upon the 1st Independent Polish Parachute Brigade.
581. Polish Flag.
582. Two fanfares with pennons of the 1st Reconnaissance Regiment. Scotland, 1942.
- 567 — 582 Owner: Polish Institute and Gen. Sikorski Museum, London, England
584. Uniform No. 67/28, comprising the following items: belt, trousers, shirt and beret.
585. Uniform No. 67/45: breeches, blouse, belt and cap. (Polish Army before World War II).
586. Naval Uniform No. 67/32 (Polish): trousers, cap, khaki and puttees.
- 584 — 586 Owner: Buffaio and Erie County Historical Society, Buffalo, U.S.A.
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900. Casket containing soil from the battlefields of the 1st Grenadier Division in France, 1940.
 901. Shoulder flash of the 3rd Carpathian Division.
 902. Debris from the airplane which carried General W. Sikorski to his death in Gibraltar on July 4th, 1943.
 903. Cup fashioned by the soldiers of the Independent Carpathian Brigade, Tobruk, 1941.
 904. Souvenir bronze medal commemorating the Battle of Arnheim.
 905. Polish "Home Army" Badge.
 906. Wooden Cross found in the ruins of the Monastery of Monte Cassino in 1944.
 907. Pennant of the Admiral of the Fleet (German Navy). War souvenir from Wilhelmshaven. Taken May 5th, 1945.
 908. Five cap ribbons of the Polish naval ratings: 'Polish Navy', 'ORP Orzel', 'ORP Grom', 'Blyskawica' and 'ORP Gdynia'.
 909. Arm band of the Polish Underground and Home Army used during the Warsaw Rising of 1944.
 910. Commemorative medal, struck at Christmas, 1942, by the soldiers of the 2nd Rifle Division interned in Switzerland.
 911. Medallion presented to President Raczkiewicz in 1942 by the 303 Fighter Squadron, Great Britain.
 912. Medal of the City of Breda presented to the 1st Polish Armoured Division in 1944.
 913. Bronze Replica of the Polish Eagle from the commemorative Tablet placed at Gibraltar Airstrip by the British Armed Forces.
 914. Badges of German Regiments which fought against the II Polish Army Corps in Italy in 1945.
 915. Two Bronze Fascist medals taken in Predappio, the birthplace of Mussolini, by the 18th Battalion of Lwow Rifles.
 916. Beret of a private of the 1st Independent Carpathian Brigade, 1940.
 917. Presentation document for the casket of earth from Narvik, placed in the Gen. W. Sikorski Museum in London, 1966.
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918. Guidon of the 1st Polish Reconnaissance Regiment.
919. Colours of the 24th Lancers Regiment, decorated with the order Virtuti Militari.
No: 900 — 919 Owner: Polish Institute and Gen. Sikorski Museum, London, England
1204. "2 Warsaw Armored Div. on Parade at Loretto" (Italy) — Photo
1205. Members of Polish Armed Forces from World War I. (Photo)
No. 1204, 1205 Owner: Col. J. Rudnicki, Hamilton
1206. Polish Air Forces Dress — Col.
1209. Polish Air Force — Sabre
No. 1206, 1209 Owner: Lt. Col. W. Piotrowski, Hamilton
1235. Officers Uniform 1 Pol. Arm. D.
1236. Officers Winter Coat — 1 Panc. D.
1237. Black Lather Coat — Polish Army 1937
No. 1235, 1236, 1237 Owner: Mr. Z. Giera, Toronto, Ont.

POLISH ARMY IN THE MIDDLE EAST, 1940-1946

400. Display of Souvenirs from the Campaign in the Middle East: 5 Identity Cards, 5 Photos, Shoulder Flash of the Polish Army in the Middle East, 5 Jerusalem Crosses.
402. Display of two photographs: Presentation of the Squadron Insignia to the President of Lebanon by General Wiatr, G.O.C., Polish Army Units, Middle East, in the presence of Mr. Zawadowski, the Polish Consul, in 1947.
403. Display of two photographs: General Anders at a banquet in Toronto given by the Polish Alliance of Canada (Branch No. 1) on September 20, 1942. General Anders visiting the Polish Cadet School in Barbara, Palestine.
404. Order of the Day, No. 98, dated November 4th, 1942. Issued by the HQ. Evacuation Base of the Polish Army in the Middle East.
408. Weekly publications of the Polish Army Units in the Middle East. Nos. 12 - 16, dated August 20th, 1947.
409. The weekly "White Eagle", Nos. 46 and 47, dated November 11th and 20th, 1941.
415. Polish Army Regulations, Great Britain, 1941.
416. Statute of the Polish Army Officers' Courts. Palestine, November, 1942.
No. 400, 402, 403, 404, 408, 409, 415, 416
Owner: Mr. F. Drabczyk, Toronto, Ont.
417. The final, commemorative publication of the camp bulletin, edited by the Dept. of Press and Culture of the Polish Army Units in the Middle East. November, 1946.
Owner: Mr. T. Krychowski, Toronto, Ont.
431. Photograph: Tobruk.
432. Photograph: Temporary tents in the desert, June 1940.
433. Photograph: Mounted Squadron of the Reconnaissance Unit.
441. Photograph: General Ritchie at Gazala, December 20th, 1941.
No. 431, 432, 433, 441, Owner: Mr. J. Zaremba, Hamilton, Ont.
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496. "Iraq, its Past and Present" by Major MM, Ph.D. Published by the Carpathian Rifles Division in 1943.
501. Pamphlet "On the Tenth Anniversary of the Independent Carpathian Brigade, 1940-1950". Published by an association of former soldiers.
502. Two volumes of "The Dark Days".
No. 496, 501, 502, Owner: Mrs. H. Pierzchalska, RRI-Inglewood, Ont.
601. Soldiers' Prayer Book published by the Polish Army Chaplains' Corps, Jerusalem, 1942.
Owner: Mr. T. Krychowski, Toronto, Ont.
638. "Parada" No. 19 — Fortnightly Review of the Polish Army in the East, December 26th, 1943.
639. Gen. Kazimierz Sosnkowski in the East
Owner: Mr. A. Kipiniak, Toronto, Ont.

HOME ARMY — POLISH UNDERGROUND ARMY

In Poland during the second World War was formed the famous Home Army (Armia Krajowa — A.K.).

No Army fought so fiercely as 250,000 men, women and children under the command of general T. Bor-Komorowski.

641. Documents of Miss Przyborowski: The school are over . . . Rising of Warsaw, August, 1944. Prisoners of War Camp Bergen-Belsen etc.
640. Picture: W. Czarnecki: They did not spare the children — Warsaw, 1964.
Owner: Mrs. K. Orłowski, Toronto, Ont.
642. Photostad of the verdict reached by the Soviet Court on the 6th of November 1940 in Poland (original).
No. 641, 642 Owner: Mr. S. Orłowski, Toronto, Ont.
643. Certificate of the Underground Army, piece of shell, miniature of the gallantry cross, badge of the Underground Army. Documents of "Ida" — Miss Idelia Dobrzanski.
Owner: Mrs. I. Kasprzak, Toronto
645. Copy of Polish text of the capitulation agreement of the Polish Underground Army in Warsaw, signed on October 2nd, 1944 in Oxarów.
646. Proclamation billed in Warsaw in September, 1944, during the Warsaw Uprising.
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**PUBLICATIONS ISSUED AFTER THE SECOND WORLD
WAR, RELATING TO THE ERA OF
MARSHAL J. PILSUDSKI & THE SECOND WORLD WAR.**

Section IV.

46. Pamphlet "On the 25th Anniversary of the Death of Jozef Pilsudski".
Owner: J. Pilsudski Institute in America
73. "Stalingrad in Normandy" by Eddy Florentin, Paris.
74. "True to their Oath" by Zbigniew Szacherski.
75. "History of the Horse Artillery of the Polish Army," London, 1964.
76. "First Armoured Regiment in Battle".
77. "Life in Warsaw during the Uprising of 1944". Pax, 1965.
78. "Words and Deeds" by Jan Rudnicki, Toronto, 1965.
79. "From Horse Traction to the Tanks" by General S. Maczek, Edinburgh, 1961.
80. "Jozef Pilsudski" by W. Pobog-Malinowski, London.
81. University of Cracow Documents — by Leon Koczy, Scotland.
No. 73 — 81 Owner: Mr. Z. Giera, Toronto, Ont:
203. The 4th Infantry Regiment, 1806 - 1966.
208. The September Campaign 1939, by Wincenty Iwanowski.
210. Poland and her Achievements during the Thousand Years of Sovereignty — by Prof. Henryk Paszkiewicz.
217. History of the 15th Regiment of the Poznan Lancers — by Pawel Zaremba.
218. History of the First Regiment of Light Artillery, Marshal J. Pilsudski's Legion — by Wacław Chocianowicz.
219. "Journey's End", Memoirs of A. J. Narbut-Luczynski.
220. "Lancers of Prince Jozef Poniatowski". History of the 8th Lancers Regiment, 1784 — 1945, by Kornel Krzeczunowicz.
No. 203 — 220 Owner: Mr. A. Gackowski, Ottawa Ont:
410. Program of Celebrations for the Soldier's Day and the 30th Anniversary of the Battle of Warsaw, Toronto, August 19th and 20th, 1950.
411. "The Last Chapter is Missing" by Gen. W. Anders, London.
412. "A Bad Neighbour" by Col. A. Szymanski.
413. "For Honour and Country" by Gen. Juliusz Rommel, Warsaw, 1958.
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414. "Outline of Program for Independence" by Borelowski, Jerusalem, 1947.
No. 410 — 414 Owner: Mr. F. Drabczyk Toronto, Ont.
497. Battles of the 6th Kresowa Division in Italy, 1945.
498. The 3rd Carpathian Infantry Brigade. The First Anniversary of the Siege of Bologna, April 21st, 1945 — April 21st, 1946.
499. From Wilenszczyzna to Rome, 1946.
No. 497 — 499 Owner: Mrs. H. Pierzchalska, RRI Inglewood, Ont:
612. "La Pologne de Pilsudski" by J. Laroch, the French Ambassador to Poland.
Owner: Mr. T. Krychowski, Toronto, Ont.
1201. "Działania 2 Korpusu we Włoszech
Red. S. Biegański
1202. "Czyn Zbrojny Wychodźstwa Polskiego w Ameryce"
Edition: Polish Comb. in America
No. 1201, 1202 Owner: Col. J. Rudnicki, Hamilton, Ont.
1208. "Polish Armed Forces Through The Ages"
1213. "Uwaga — Wszystkie Samoloty" — T.H. Rolski
1214. "Czarne Krzyże nad Polską" — S. Skalski
1215. "Dywizjon 303" — A. Fiedler
1216. "Niebo w Ogniu" B. Arct
1217. "L — Jak Lucy" — J. Meissner
1218. "Kurs na Polskę" — J. Głębocki
1219. "Ku Najjaśniejszej z Gwiazd" — B. Pomian
1220. "Żądło Genewfy" — J. Meissner
1221. Lotnictwo Polskie w 1939 r." — A. Kubowski
1222. "Destiny Can Wait" —
1224. "Cud nad Wisłą" — F. A. Arciszewski
1225. "Obrona Warszawy" — M. Porwit
1226. "Wspomnienia Wojenne 1939-1946" — S. Kopański
1227. "Dwie Wojny" — J. Zając
1228. "Granatowa Załoga" — W. Cygan
1229. "Nasza Największa Strata" — S. Bernatt
1230. "Opowiadania Marynarskie" — A. Domiczek
1231. "O/P Jastrząb" — J. Pertek
1232. "Ryś — Zbik — Wilk" o/p J. Pertek
1233. "Siedmiu z Halifaxa J" — M. Pawlikowski
1234. "Zbrodnia Katyńska" ("Murders in Katyn")
No. 1213 — 1234 Owner: Lt. Col. W. Piotrowski, Hamilton
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CANADA

Section V.

TRAINING AND TRANSIT CAMP FOR
THE POLISH VOLUNTEERS FROM U.S.A. AND CANADA
AT NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE DURING
THE FIRST WORLD WAR.

MISSION OF RECRUITING CENTER OF POLISH
VOLUNTEERS OF SECOND WORLD WAR
WINDSOR, ONTARIO.

POLISH COMBATANTS OF THE 2nd WORLD WAR
SETTLED IN CANADA, WHO REFUSED TO RETURN
POLAND WHICH IS RULED BY COMMUNISTS.

417. Niagara-on-the-Lake 1918 — four cornered cap.
418. Weekly magazine, December 1917 — picture of gen. T. Kosciuszko.
419. Two magazines "Free Poland" 1918.
420. Four pamphlets "Głos Żołnierza" 1918.
427. Three photographs with I. Paderewski at Niagara-on-the-Lake.
620. Letter of the Minister of National Defence in Canada — Niagara-on-the-Lake, 1917.
621. Document Commandant of the Polish Army Camp, Niagara-on-the-Lake to the Chief of General Staff Militia & Defence, Ottawa, March 26, 1919.
622. Lt. Col. A. D. LePan speech during closing celebration of the Niagara on the Lake Camp.
623. Photographs — Niagara on the Lake Camp.
624. Information Bulletin — Legion of Volunteers from U.S.A. and Canada with the Polish Armed Forces, 1945.
625. Bulletin — Polish Embassy in Montreal, August 6th, 1941.
626. Proclamation of the Polish Consulate Army Mission in Canada — 1942.
627. "We are fighting" — Bulletin of the Polish Armed Forces.

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628. Proclamation of the Polish Minister in Canada.
629. "Żołnierz Polski" — The Polish Soldier — published by H.Q. Polish Forces in Canada.
630. Christmas Greeting Cards — H.Q. Polish Forces in Canada.
631. Educational Dept. H.Q. Polish Armed Forces (letter) in Canada.
632. Leaflet "Our ommon War", 1942.
633. Bulletin — Polish Armed Forces, 1942.
No. 417—633 Owner: Polish Research Institute in Canada
634. Photographs — Gen. W. Anders, Commander-in-Chief of Polish Armed Forces, visiting the Hon. J. Keller Mackey — Lt. Governor of Ontario.
Owner: Polish Combatants' Association in Canada
700. Photograph — Mother and Sister of the brave pilot A. Mynarski.
702. Photograph — ceremony of the unveiling of a plaque commemorating the Canadian pilots who lost their life in Poland.
704. A letter of the Prime Minister L. B. Pearson, concerning the trophy of A. Mynarski.
No. 700, 702, 704 Owner: Gen. S. Sznuk, Ottawa, Ont.

THE EXHIBITS ALSO INCLUDE MANY PHOTOGRAPHS,
MAPS, NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS, ETC. NOT
MENTIONED IN THIS CATHALOGUE