

VATICAN IS ANXIOUS ON CATHOLIC POLES

Has Word Churches Are Open
in Soviet-Held Area, but
Priests' Vestments Barred

SCANS ACTION IN BALTIC

First Encyclical by Pius XII,
Containing Appeal for Peace,
Is Likely This Month

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Oct. 5—Catholic churches in Polish territory occupied by the Soviet may still remain open, but priests have been forbidden to wear their vestments, according to information reaching the Vatican through Rumanian sources. It is feared, however, that this permission will not stand indefinitely.

Another report has it that Mgr. Andrew Szeptycki, Archbishop of the Ruthenian Rite at Lwow, has been deported to Russia.

Tonight's *Osservatore Romano*, which carries these reports, contains a long unfriendly analysis of Russia's Baltic activities. One object of Moscow's efforts, it says, is to "eliminate the independence of these States."

But that is not the main objective, the Vatican City paper continues.

"Moscow is re-living in these days the aspirations and dreams of the Czarism of St. Petersburg," it writes. "That is to dominate the Baltic without opposition, eliminating from that sea the supremacy of the only nation which can aspire to supremacy there. Pre-war Russia always worked for that goal."

This viewpoint, incidentally, has more authority even than the *Osservatore Romano*, for this correspondent learns that it expresses the belief of high Vatican officials.

Encyclical Expected Oct. 29

VATICAN CITY, Oct. 5 (AP)—Vatican prelates said today they expected that Pope Pius XII would issue the first encyclical of his reign on Oct. 29, the festival of Christ the King, and that it would contain an appeal for peace.

It was said the Pontiff had been working on such a document since he went to Castel Gandolfo on July 24. Originally, prelates said, it was drafted for delivery in August, but this was postponed because of international developments. Some passages were understood to have been revised to meet the new situation created by the war.

Franco's Stand on Poland Lauded

VATICAN CITY, Oct. 5 (UP)—Pope Pius has conveyed to Generalissimo Francisco Franco of Spain his appreciation for the Generalissimo's stand against atheism in connection with Russian intervention in Poland, it was learned authoritatively today.

Mgr. Gaetano Cicognani, Apostolic Nuncio to Spain, has conveyed the appreciation to Generalissimo Franco, it was said.

The Pope is believed continuing his efforts to bolster the anti-atheism bloc. The apostolic nuncios to London and Paris, Mgr. William Godfrey and Valerio Valeri, were said to be sounding out the possibility of establishing a united church front, which would include Protestants and other Christians as well as Roman Catholics.

An editorial tribute to Generalissimo Franco printed in the *Osservatore Romano* was said authoritatively to have been inspired by the Pope.

Asserting that Generalissimo Franco had eliminated bolshevism

from Spain, the editorial said that "after Soviet troops entered Poland the Spanish press attacked Moscow's aggression as a menace to the security of all Eastern Europe."

"Spanish Catholics," the editorial went on, "cannot remain indifferent to the fate of 20,000,000 Catholics in Eastern Europe. Alongside this sympathy for Catholics, Spain intends to continue on the same road she decided upon immediately after the Polish conflict broke out."

SPURT IN FOOD ORDERS TO AID GERMANS SEEN

Concerns Here Say Money Also
Is Sent Through Neutral Areas

A spurt in the volume of money and food orders as well as food packages sent from New York to Germany since the outbreak of war in Europe was reported yesterday by some of the concerns specializing in money orders to Germany.

One established company explained that while it was not engaged in the business of sending food to relatives in Germany for citizens of the United States, it knew that Germans in this country had taken steps to aid their relatives in Germany.

Many Germans in New York are sending parcel post feed packages by way of Dutch or other neutral steamers. In other cases they are arranging through friends in the Netherlands and Switzerland to send food packages to relatives.

The same company reported that the volume of money orders was about as usual with virtually no change in the exchange rate that prevailed before the war. This company disclosed that it was transmitting gift marks at the rate of \$18.75 for 100.

Another concern quoted the rate on gift marks at 6 for \$1. This concern said it had posted a bond of \$100,000 with the State Banking Department as evidence of its ability to get funds and food to persons in Germany who are on food rations.

A spokesman for the concern explained that arrangements had been made with dealers in neutral countries to ship surpluses of butter, eggs and cheese into Germany. The company's representative said that receipts from the consignees were procured for the consignors. Duties ranging from 5 to 10 per cent are collected in Germany.

At the office of the State Banking Superintendent it was explained that the foreign exchange house which had posted a \$100,000 bond under Section 180 of the Banking Act was not subject to supervision.

CZECHS TO RAISE AN ARMY

Those in France Agree to Fight
Under Allied Supreme Command

Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 5—By an accord with the French Government today, Czecho-Slovaks in France are authorized to raise their own autonomous army to fight under the direction of the Allied Supreme Command. The same authorization has been granted to Poles.

Under this agreement, Czecho-Slovaks will be recruited on the same basis as if Czecho-Slovakia existed as a nation.

From the political viewpoint, this places the Czecho-Slovak Government here on the same juridical basis as the Polish Government. The French Government has never recognized the Reich's occupation of Czecho-Slovakia.

One Explanation of Hitlerism

TORONTO, Oct. 5 (Canadian Press)—Leaders of the German Government believe that there is no after-life and they take what they can now by force, C. R. Treviranus, former Minister of Transport in the Bruening Cabinet, told a meeting sponsored by the Student Christian Movement at the University of Toronto. The present German political creed is to take over all propaganda instruments and institutions for the domination of mind, soul and body alike, Mr. Treviranus said.